

## New sighting records of the white throated thrush *Zoothera citrina cyanotus* from southern Maharashtra

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**W**hite throated thrush is inhabited in evergreen and deciduous forest singly or in 2-3 individual groups on damp, shady forest floor and, on lower branches of small trees/shrubs (Ali, 2002; Grimmett *et al.*, 2011). It is a rare, resident, shy and locally migratory bird migrating during monsoon in India from south eastern Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh and south Orissa to Tamil Nadu and Kerala (Ali, 2002; Grimmett *et al.*, 1998). The bird is reported from Rajasthan (Bhardwaj & Sangha, 2008), Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Orissa, Bihar, Andra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Kerala and Maharashtra (Grewal *et al.*, 2002; Pande *et al.*, 2003; references in Bhardwaj & Sangha, 2008). In Maharashtra bird is reported from evergreen jungles of Mahabaleshwar in Satara district (Pandy, 1979). Mahabal & Lamba (1987) also sighted the bird from Maharashtra (reference in Prasad, 2003). Thereafter, there are no reports of its sighting in Maharashtra. In this note we report new sighting records of the white throated thrush from different parts of Chandgad taluk in Kolhapur district of southern Maharashtra and for the first time from Kolhapur. *Zoothera citrina* is evaluated as a least concerned bird and its population declining in recent years due to loss or fragmentation of woodland poses a threat to forest birds (IUCN, 2013; Wikipedia, 2013).

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During our routine field work surprisingly we encountered single male white throated thrush *Zoothera citrina cyanotus* (Figure-1) on the forest floor of Vaghotre village near Chandgad (15° 55' 60 N, 74° 12' 0 E). By opportunistic sighting method we sighted the bird on 21<sup>st</sup>, November 2011 at 14:30 hrs foraging on the leaf litter of forest floor at least for 2 minutes. Then the bird flies on branches of small tree about 1 meter height from the ground. It was there on the tree branches for some time jumping from a branch to other for another 2-3 minutes and flew to disappear in the forest. The bird measures around 22 cm. Head and under parts yellowish brown. Neck, throat and ear coverts are white. A pair of black oblique banding pattern is diagnostic starts from the base of eye and extends back below the eye for shorter distance through ear coverts. Rest of the above part and wings are slaty blue in color. A diagnostic white patch is found on both sides of the wings on dorsal side.

White throated thrush is quite regularly sighted (Figure-2) by ASL viz. in dense forest of Bhimashankar on December 11<sup>th</sup>, 2006 at 14:11 hrs in Pune district; in dense vegetation of Amba reserved forest (November 9<sup>th</sup>, 2008 at 9:30 hrs; November 6<sup>th</sup>, 13<sup>th</sup>, 2010; February 16<sup>th</sup>, 2011), in Palasamba forest on February 28<sup>th</sup>, 2011 and in different parts of the Chandgad forest (December 13<sup>th</sup>, 20<sup>th</sup>, 2010; November 18<sup>th</sup>, 26<sup>th</sup>, 27<sup>th</sup>, 2011; December 6<sup>th</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup>, 9<sup>th</sup>, 10<sup>th</sup>, 17<sup>th</sup>, 2011) between 9:00 to 16:30 hrs in Kolhapur district. NCH sighted 2 and 3 individual birds in Tillari forest floor on 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup>, February 2012 respectively in two different places; 2 individuals in Tudiye forest floor on 28<sup>th</sup>, April 2012; 2 individuals in Mahalunge forest on 29<sup>th</sup>, April 2012 and single bird in Yashwantrao Chavan college campus Halkarni on 30<sup>th</sup>, April 2012 in Chandgad taluk. These sightings indicate that, white throated

thrush found as winter visitor/resident in Chandgad taluk of Kolhapur in southern Maharashtra. It seems that, *Zoothera citrina cyanotus* using southern Maharashtra as migratory route or habitat during their migration towards Tamil Nadu and Kerala.

**Figure-1. White throated thrush sited on the forest floor of Vaghotre**



**Figure-2..White throated thrush sited in dense vegetation of Amba**



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## Conflict of Interests:

The authors declare that there is no conflict of interests regarding the publication of this paper.

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